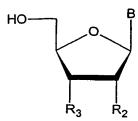
## **Claims**

1. A method for preparing an oligonucleotide comprising the steps of

a) providing a 3'-protected compound having the formula:



wherein

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B is a heterocyclic base

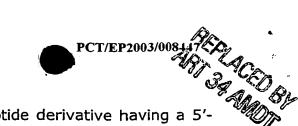
 $R_2$  is H, a protected 2'-hydroxyl group, F, a protected amino group, an O-alkyl group, an O-substituted alkyl, a substituted alkylamino or a C4'-O2'methylen linkage

R<sub>3</sub> is OR '<sub>3</sub>, NHR"<sub>3</sub>, NR"<sub>3</sub>R"'<sub>3</sub>, a 3'-protected nucleotide or a 3'-protected oligonucleotide,

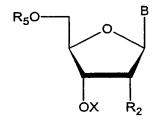
R<sub>3</sub> is a hydroxyl protecting group,

 $R_3$ ,  $R_3$  are independently an amine protecting group,

- b) reacting said compound with a nucleotide derivative having a 5'proctection group in the presence of a solid supported activator to give an
  elongated oligonucleotide with a P(III)-internucleotide bond
- c) optionally processing the elongated oligonucleotide with a P(III)-internucleotide bond by either or both of steps c1) and c2) in any sequence
  - c1) capping preferably by reacting with a solid supported capping agent
  - c2) oxidizing preferably by reacting the oligonucleotide with a solid supported oxidizing reagent
- d) removing the 5'-protection group.
- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the step d) is effected by treatment with a solid supported agent or removing the 5'-protection group with a removal agent followed by addition of a solid supported scavenger or followed by extraction.



3. The method of claim 1 or 2, wherein the nucleotide derivative having a 5'-proctection group of step b) has the following formula:



wherein

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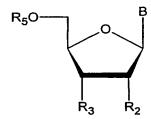
X is a P(III)-function

B is a heterocyclic base

 $R_2$  is H, a protected 2'-hydroxyl group, F, a protected amino group, an O-alkyl group, an O-substituted alkyl, a substituted alkylamino or a C4'-O2'methylen linkage

10 R<sub>5</sub> is a hydroxyl protecting group, a 5'-protected nucleotide or a 5'-protected oligonucleotide.

- 4. A method for preparing an oligonucleotide comprising the steps of
  - a) providing a 5'-protected compound having the formula:



15 wherein

B is a heterocyclic base.

 $R_2$  is H, a protected 2'-hydroxyl group, F, a protected amino group, an O-alkyl group, an O-substituted alkyl, a substituted alkylamino or a C4'-O2'methylen linkage

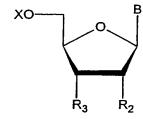
 $R_3$  is OH,  $NH_2$ 

 $R_{\text{5}}$  is a hydroxyl protecting group, a 5'-protected nucleotide or a 5'-protected oligonucleotide

b) reacting said compound with a nucleotide derivative having a 3'-

proctection group in the presence of a solid supported activator to give an elongated oligonucleotide with a P(III)-internucleotide bond

- c) optionally processing the elongated oligonucleotide with a P(III)-internucleotide bond by either or both of steps c1) and c2) in any sequence
  - c1) capping, preferably by reacting with a solid supported capping agent
  - c2) oxidizing, preferably by reacting the oligonucleotide with a solid supported oxidizing reagent
- d) removing the 3'-protection group.
- 5. The method of claim 4, wherein step d) is effected by treatment with a solid supported agent or removing the 3'-protection group with a removal agent followed by addition of a solid supported scaenger or followed by extraction.
  - 6. The method of claim 4 or 5, wherein the nucleotide derivative having a 3'-proctection group has the following formula:



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wherein

X is a P(III)-function

B is a heterocyclic base

 $R_2$  is H, a protected 2'-hydroxyl group, F, a protected amino group, an O-alkyl group, an O-substituted alkyl, a substituted alkylamino or a C4'-O2'methylen linkage

 $R_3 = OR'_3$ ,  $NHR''_3$ ,  $NR''_3R'''_3$ , a 3'-protected nucleotide or a 3'-protected oligonucleotide,

R'<sub>3</sub> is a hydroxyl protecting group,

 $R_3$ ,  $R_3$  are independently an amine protecting group,

 $R_3$  is a hydroxyl protecting group, a 3'-protected nucleotide or a 3'-protected oligonucleotide

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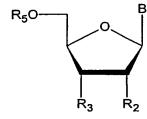
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- 7. The method of any one of claims 1 to 5, comprising the further step of e) repeating steps a) to d) at least once.
- 8. The method of any one of claims 1 to 6, wherein the nucleotide derivative of step b) is a phosphoramidite or a H-phosphonate.
- The method of any one of steps 1 to 8, wherein the solid supported activator of step b) is selected from the group consisting of a solid support bearing a pyridinium salt, a cation exchange solid support with an optionally substituted pyridinium, a cation exchange solid support with an optionally substituted imidazolium salt, a solid support bearing an optionally substituted azole (imidazol, triazole, tetrazole), a salt of a weak base anion exchange resin with a strong acid, a weak cation exchange resin (carboxylic) in its protonated form, a solid support bearing an optionally substituted phenol, a solid support bearing a carboxylic acid chloride/bromide, a sulfonic acid chloride/bromide, a chloroformate, a bromoformate, a chlorosulfite, a bromosulfite, a phosphorochloridate, a phosphorbromidate and a solid support bound carbodiimide.
  - 10. The method of any one of claims 1 to 9, wherein the solid supported oxidizing reagent is selected from the group consisting of solid supported periodates, permanganates, osmium tetroxides, dichromates, hydroperoxides, substituted alkylamine oxides, percarboxylic acid and persulfonic acid.
  - 11. The method of any one of claims 1 to 10, wherein the oxidizing is a sulfurization.
  - 12. The method of claim 11, wherein the solid supported oxidizing reagent is selected from the group consisting of a solid supported tetrathionate, a solid supported alkyl or aryl sulfonyl disulfide, a solid supported optionally substituted dibenzoyl tetrasulfide, a solid supported bis(akyloxythiocarbonyl)tetrasulfide, a solid supported optionally substituted phenylacetyl disulfide, a solid supported N-[(alkyl or aryl)sulfanyl] alkyl or aryl substituted succinimide and a solid supported (2-pyridinyldithio) alkyl or aryl.
- 13. The method of any one of claims 1 to 12, wherein the solid supported capping agent is a solid supported activated acid, preferably a carboxylic acid chloride, carboxylic acid bromide, azolide, substituted azolide, anhydride or chloroformate or phosphorochloridate, or a solid supported phosphoramidite, or a solid supported H-phosphonate monoester.

- PCT/EP2003/0084 PEPLACED BY 14. The method of any one of claims 1 to 13, wherein the 5'-protection is a dimethoxytrityl group (DMTr) or a monomethoxytrityl group (MMTr) and the solid supported agent of step d) is an cationic ion exchanger resin in the H<sup>+</sup> form or solid supported ceric ammonium nitrate.
- 15. The method of any one of claims 1 to 14, wherein the 3´-protection is a silyl 5 group and the solid supported agent of step d) is an anionic ion exchanger resin in the F-form or the 3'-proctection is levulinic acid and the solid supported agent of step d) is a solid supported hydrazine or a solid supported hydrazinium.
- 16. Use of a solid supported sulfurization agent consisting of solid supported 10 amine and a tetrathionate having the formula S₄O<sub>6</sub> or a cyanoethylthiosulfate (NC-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-S-SO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>) for sulfurization of oligonucleotides.
  - 17. A method for preparing an oligonucleotide comprising the steps of
    - a) providing a compound having the formula:



wherein

B is a heterocyclic base

R<sub>2</sub> is H, a protected 2'-hydroxyl group, F, a protected amino group, an Oalkyl group, an O-substituted alkyl, a substituted alkylamino or a C4'-O2 methylen linkage

and

R<sub>3</sub> is OR'<sub>3</sub>, NHR"<sub>3</sub>, NR"<sub>3</sub>R"'<sub>3</sub>,

a protected nucleotide or a protected oligonucleotide and R<sub>5</sub> is a P(III) function

R<sub>3</sub> is a hydroxyl protecting group,

R'3, R'3 are independently an amine protecting group,

or

R<sub>5</sub> is a hydroxyl protecting group, a protected nucleotide or a protected oligonucleotide and R<sub>3</sub> is a P(III) function

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- b) reacting said compound with a nucleotide derivative having a 3' or 5'-free OH-group in the presence of a solid supported activator to give an elongated oligonucleotide with a P(III)-internucleotide bond
- c) optionally processing the elongated oligonucleotide with a P(III)-internucleotide bond by either or both of steps c1) and c2) in any sequence
  - c1) capping by reacting with a solid supported capping agent
  - c2) oxidizing by reacting the oligonucleotide with a solid supported oxidizing reagent
- d) removing the 3' or 5'-protection group.

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